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DRAMATISED MOOT COURT COMPETITION

The **Faculty of Law and Arts at RNB Global University** orchestrated a compelling legal event, the **Dramatized Moot Court Competition 2023, on the 26th July, 2023**. Centered around a Moot Problem involving a Divorce Petition under Section 13 of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955, the competition provided an immersive platform for law students to engage in realistic legal proceedings. The event welcomed esteemed **Chief Guest Ms. Raina Sharma, Secretary of the District Legal Services Authority in Bikaner**, further enriching the experience. The competition showcased the participants' advocacy skills, legal acumen, and a profound understanding of the intricacies surrounding family law.

At the heart of the competition were the outstanding winners who demonstrated exemplary performances.

The Winners

- Tisha Sharma, a student of BBA.LL.B. - IX, achieved the distinction of being named the Best Judge.
- Priyanka Dewasi, representing BA.LL.B. - V, received recognition as the Best Witness.
- Yuvraj Tak, hailing from BA.LL.B. - IX, secured the Runner-Up Witness title.
- Shakshi Singh, a participant in BBA.LL.B. - III, was acclaimed as the Best Advocate from the plaintiff side.
- Bharat Sharma, a representative of BA.LL.B. - IX, earned the Runner-Up Advocate title from the plaintiff side.
- Palak Jain, a student of BBA.LL.B - IX, was honored as the Best Advocate from the defendant side.
- Shalini Sharma, from BA.LL.B. - III, was conferred the title of Runner-up Advocate from the defendant side



CENTRAL JAIL VISIT

On 20th July 2023, the students of **VII and IX semester from the Faculty of Law and Arts at RNB Global University** embarked on an insightful educational journey with a visit to the **Central Jail**. Led by their professors, the students were eager to gain practical knowledge about the legal system and its workings within the confinement setting. The purpose of organizing a Central Jail visit for law students is to provide them with a practical and real-world understanding of the legal system and its workings within a correctional facility. By visiting the jail, students got to witness the implementation of laws and regulations firsthand and gain insights into the challenges faced by inmates, correctional officers, and the justice system as a whole.



LEGAL AID & LITERACY CAMP

On 28th July 2023, the Faculty of Law and Arts at RNB Global University organized a **Legal Aid and Literacy Camp** for the students of the **III & V semesters** at a Local Government Senior Secondary School in Dandusar. The university students and faculty actively participated in the camp, delivering information on various legal aspects and striving to raise legal awareness among the school students. The primary objective of the camp was to create awareness about legal rights and responsibilities, instilling a sense of legal consciousness within the community. During the camp, the students also presented two short plays focusing on Women's Rights and Fundamental Duties.



DEBATE COMPETITION

On 24th July 2023, the students of **IX Semester** from the **Faculty of Law and Arts at RNB Global University** engaged in an exciting **intra-class Debate Competition on the motion "Legality of Internet Shutdown."** This competition offered a valuable opportunity for the budding legal minds to delve into the complexities of internet shutdowns from legal, ethical, and human rights perspectives. Through well-researched arguments and persuasive speeches, the participants showcased their analytical and communication skills, fostering a vibrant academic environment and encouraging critical thinking among the students.



TREE PLANTATION DRIVE

A joint **Tree Plantation Drive** was conducted at **RNB Global University's** Campus on 21st July 2023 **in partnership with Rotary Club Aadhya**. Every year faculties, staff and students actively participate in planting over 10,000 trees within and around the campus as a commitment to their Environmental Responsibility, with the primary goal of minimizing Carbon Footprints. According to estimates, the average annual CO2 equivalent emissions per person in India stand at 0.56 tons. Planting trees stands as an effective method to mitigate one's carbon footprint, thereby making a valuable contribution to the preservation of planet Earth.



EFFECTIVE WEED MANAGEMENT FOR GROUNDNUT CROP VISIT

The **School of Agriculture at RNB Global University** organized a visit to **Khara Village** to understand **"The Effective Weed Management for Groundnut Crop"** on **7th July, 2023.**

A visit to a groundnut crop field at RNB Global University Research Farm, Khara, for the students of B.sc Agriculture (hons) 6th semester, was arranged. The aim of this event was to enhance students' understanding in weed management techniques and their practical application in agricultural settings. Through the application of various weeding methods, students gained insights into the impact of weeds on crop growth.

The students were divided into groups to assess the field antigrass specific plots within the research farm. Each group conducted thorough assessment of their assigned areas, identifying and documenting various weed species present in the field.



AD-MAD2023 Competition

The **Markaizen Club of Faculty of Commerce and Management** conducted the **AD-MAD2023 Competition on 27th July 2023**, for the students of Management. Participants were given 60 minutes to prepare their advertisement campaign and showcase their creativity along with marketing skills on the topics given to them such as SmartHomeSolutions, Travel&Adventure &Fitness.



WEBINAR ON ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND FUTURE OPPORTUNITIES

The **Faculty of Basic and Applied Sciences** at RNB Global University organized a highly informative webinar entitled **"Artificial Intelligence and Future Opportunities"** on **26th July 2023.** The webinar was led by speaker **Mr. Saakshar Duggal, the Vice president of BNI Athena, Delhi** and a practicing advocate in the Delhi High Court. The one-hour session was attended by the students of BCA and BBA programs. The primary objective of the webinar was to provide participants with valuable insights into the ever-evolving landscape of artificial intelligence. The session covered a wide range of topics, including the current trends, advancements, and potential applications of artificial intelligence.



PLANTATION DRIVE AT UNIVERSITY CAMPUS

In a bid to foster environmental consciousness and a deeper connection with nature, **School of Agriculture at RNB Global University** took the **lead by organizing a vibrant plantation drive on its campus on 20th July, 2023.**

The event saw an enthusiastic participation from all the students as well as faculty members from School of Agriculture, highlighting the university's commitment to a greener future. The initiative was a joint effort between students and university administration, aimed at promoting sustainable practices.

The drive was a collective effort to plant 100 saplings of Mehndi, Kaner, Ashok and Karanj, contributing to the conservation and beautification of the university premises.

The plantation drive began at 10:00am with a brief inauguration ceremony. Volunteers and participants were divided into teams, each responsible for planting specific types of saplings.

By organizing such meaningful event, RNB Global University sets an inspiring example for other educational institutions, urging them to actively participate in preserving our planet for future generations.



THE CONTEMPT OF COURTS ACT 1971

The Contempt of Courts Act 1971 is a crucial piece of legislation in India that seeks to maintain the dignity and authority of the judiciary while ensuring the fair administration of justice. Contempt of court refers to any action that disrespects or undermines the authority of the court, obstructs its functioning, or hampers the delivery of justice. The Act, along with its rules, strikes a delicate balance between the freedom of speech and expression and the necessity of preserving the sanctity of judicial proceedings.

The concept of contempt of court has its roots in English common law, and it was introduced to India during British colonial rule. However, the Contempt of Courts Act 1971 represented a significant departure from earlier norms, as it aimed to codify and clarify the law on contempt, providing a comprehensive framework to address various aspects of contemptuous behavior. The Act is supplemented by the Contempt of Courts (Amendment) Act 2006 and the Contempt of Courts (Amendment) Rules 2006, which introduced essential changes to adapt the law to the evolving legal landscape.



Types of Contempt and Their Implications:

The Contempt of Courts Act 1971 distinguishes between civil and criminal contempt. Civil contempt involves willful disobedience of a court order, while criminal contempt pertains to actions that scandalize or interfere with the administration of justice. The Act recognizes that while the freedom of speech is fundamental, it is not absolute and must be exercised responsibly, especially when discussing matters related to the judiciary. The Rules under the Act provide guidelines for the initiation of contempt proceedings, ensuring that they are fair and transparent.

Balancing Freedom of Speech and Judicial Integrity:

The Act, while upholding the principles of free speech and expression, recognizes the need to protect the sanctity of judicial proceedings. The judiciary, as a cornerstone of democracy, requires the confidence of the people it serves. The Act acts as a safeguard against unwarranted attacks on the judiciary, ensuring that criticisms and discussions about the judiciary are conducted within reasonable limits. This balance is crucial to maintaining public trust and confidence in the judiciary and upholding the rule of law.

Contempt Proceedings and Due Process:

The Contempt of Courts Act 1971 outlines the process for initiating contempt proceedings, emphasizing the principle of natural justice. The Act ensures that alleged contemnors are provided with a fair opportunity to defend themselves and present their case. Additionally, the Act places a burden on the court to prove the contempt beyond a reasonable doubt, ensuring that contempt proceedings are not misused as a means of suppressing legitimate criticism. This due process approach protects individuals' rights while preventing abuse of contempt powers.

Judicial Discretion and Punishment:

The Act grants the judiciary a degree of discretion in determining the appropriate punishment for contemptuous behavior. While the Act does not prescribe specific penalties, it offers a range of options, including admonition, fine, or imprisonment. This discretion allows courts to tailor punishments to the severity of the contempt, ensuring that they are proportionate and serve the interests of justice. The Act's provisions also enable courts to consider mitigating factors, fostering a nuanced and just approach to contempt cases.

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